## Amendments to the Claims:

The following listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1. (Currently Amended) An underlayer coating forming composition comprising a crosslinking compound, an organic solvent and a dextrin ester compound,

wherein at least 50% of hydroxy groups in dextrin are converted into ester groups of formula (1):

wherein R<sub>1</sub> is C<sub>1-10</sub>alkyl group that may be substituted with a hydroxy group, a carboxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, a C<sub>1-6</sub>alkoxy group, a fluorine atom, a chlorine atom, an iodine atom or a C<sub>1-6</sub>alkoxycarbonyl group; or a phenyl group, a naphthyl group or an anthryl group, each of which may be substituted with a C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl group, a hydroxy group, a carboxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, a C<sub>1-6</sub>alkoxy group, a fluorine atom, a chlorine atom, a bromine atom, an iodine atom or a C<sub>1-6</sub>alkoxy group, group,

wherein the crosslinking compound has two or more crosslink-forming substituents selected from the group consisting of an isocyanate group, an epoxy group, a hydroxymethylamino group and an alkoxymethylamino group, and

wherein the underlayer coating composition forms an underlayer coating of a photoresist in a lithography process.

2. (Currently Amended) An underlayer coating forming composition comprising a crosslinking compound, an organic solvent and a dextrin ester compound,

wherein at least 50% of hydroxy groups in dextrin is converted into ester groups of formula (1):

wherein  $R_1$  is a  $C_{1-10}$ alkyl group that may be substituted with a hydroxy group, a carboxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, a  $C_{1-6}$ alkoxy group, a fluorine atom, a chlorine atom, a bromine atom, a iodine atom or a  $C_{1-6}$ alkoxycarbonyl group; or a phenyl group, a naphthyl group or an anthryl group, each of which may be substituted with  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl group, hydroxy group, carboxyl group, cyano group, nitro group,  $C_{1-6}$ alkoxy group, fluorine atom, chlorine atom, bromine atom, iodine atom or  $C_{1-6}$ alkoxycarbonyl group,

wherein the dextrin ester compound has a weight average molecular weight of 4000 to 20000,

wherein the crosslinking compound has two or more crosslink-forming substituents selected from the group consisting of an isocyanate group, an epoxy group, a hydroxymethylamino group and an alkoxymethylamino group, and

wherein the underlayer coating composition forms an underlayer coating of a photoresist in a lithography process..

- 3. (Previously Presented) The underlayer coating forming composition according to claim 1, further comprising an acid compound or an acid generator.
- 4. (Previously Presented) A method for forming a photoresist pattern for use in manufacture of a semiconductor device, comprising:

coating the underlayer coating forming composition according to claim 1 on a semiconductor substrate, and baking it to form the underlayer coating;

forming a photoresist layer on the underlayer coating;

exposing the semiconductor substrate covered with the underlayer coating and the photoresist layer to light; and

developing the photoresist layer after the exposure to light.

- 5. (Previously Presented) The underlayer coating forming composition according to claim 1, wherein the composition forms the underlayer coating by coating the composition on a semiconductor substrate having a hole with an aspect ratio shown in height/diameter of 1 or more, and baking it.
- 6. (Previously Presented) The underlayer coating forming composition according to claim 2, further comprising an acid compound or an acid generator.
- 7. (Previously Presented) A method for forming a photoresist pattern for use in manufacture of a semiconductor device, comprising:

coating the underlayer coating forming composition according to claim 2 on a semiconductor substrate, and baking it to form the underlayer coating;

forming a photoresist layer on the underlayer coating;

exposing the semiconductor substrate covered with the underlayer coating and the photoresist layer to light; and

developing the photoresist layer after the exposure to light.

8. (Previously Presented) A method for forming a photoresist pattern for use in manufacture of a semiconductor device, comprising:

coating the underlayer coating forming composition according to claim 3 on a semiconductor substrate, and baking it to form the underlayer coating;

forming a photoresist layer on the underlayer coating;

exposing the semiconductor substrate covered with the underlayer coating and the photoresist layer to light; and

developing the photoresist layer after the exposure to light.

- 9. (Previously Presented) The underlayer coating forming composition according to claim 2, wherein the composition forms the underlayer coating by coating the composition on a semiconductor substrate having a hole with an aspect ratio shown in height/diameter of 1 or more, and baking it.
- 10. (Previously Presented) A method for forming a photoresist pattern for use in manufacture of a semiconductor device, comprising:

coating the underlayer coating forming composition according to claim 6 on a semiconductor substrate, and baking it to form the underlayer coating;

forming a photoresist layer on the underlayer coating;

exposing the semiconductor substrate covered with the underlayer coating and the photoresist layer to light; and

developing the photoresist layer after the exposure to light.